Photocouplers GaAlAs Infrared LED & Photo IC

TLP5214

Isolated IGBT/Power MOSFET gate drive AC and brushless DC motor drives

Industrial Inverters and Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)

The TLP5214 is a highly integrated 4.0A output current IGBT gate drive photocoupler housed in a long creepage and clearance SO16L package.

The TLP5214, a smart gate driver photocoupler, includes functions of IGBT desaturation detection, isolated fault status feedback, soft IGBT turn-off, active Miller cramping and under voltage lockout (UVLO).

This photocoupler is suitable for driving IGBT and power MOSFET used in inverter applications.

The TLP5214 consists two GaAlAs infrared light-emitting diodes (LEDs) and two high-gain and high-speed ICs. They realize high current, high-speed output control and output fault status feedback.

Peak output current: ±4.0 A (max) Guaranteed performance over temperature: -40°C to 110°C Supply current: 3.5 mA (max) Power supply voltage: 15 V to 30 V Threshold input current: $I_{FLH} = 6 \text{ mA (max)}$ Switching time (tplh / tphl): 150 ns (max) Common mode transient immunity: $\pm 35 \text{ kV/}\mu\text{s} \text{ (min)}$ 5000 Vrms (min) Isolation voltage:

UL approved: UL1577, File No.E67349

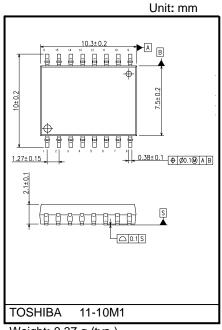
c-UL approved :CSA Component Acceptance Service No. 5A, File No.E67349

Option (D4) VDE approved : DIN EN60747-5-5(Note)

EN60065 or EN60950-1,

EN62368-1

CQC-approved: GB4943.1, GB8898 Japan Factory



Weight: 0.37 g (typ.)

Construction mechanical rating

	SO16L
Height	2.3 mm (max)
Creepage Distance	8.0 mm (min)
Clearance	8.0 mm (min)
Insulation Thickness	0.4 mm (min)

Note: When a EN60747-5-5 approved type is needed, please designate "Option(D4)"

Truth Table

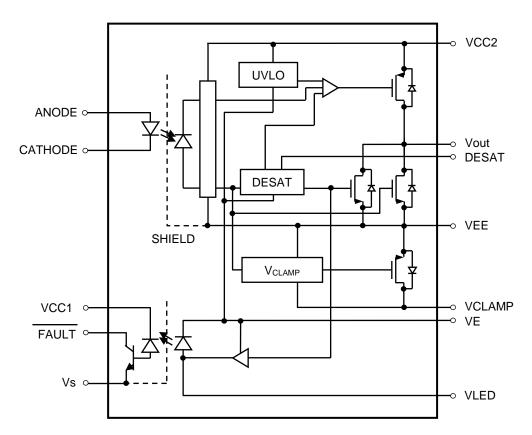
	UVLO	UVLO DESAT		V	
l _F	(V _{CC2} -V _E)	(14Pin DESAT Terminal Input)	(3Pin FAULT Terminal Output)	Vo	
OFF	Not Active (> V _{UVLO} ⁺)	Not Active	High	Low	
ON	Not Active (> V _{UVLO} ⁺)	Low (< V _{DESATth})	High	High	
ON	Not Active (> V _{UVLO} ⁺)	High (> V _{DESATth})	Low (FAULT)	Low	
ON	Active (< V _{UVLO} -)	Not Active	High	Low	
OFF	Active (< V _{UVLO} -)	Not Active	High	Low	

Start of commercial production

Pin Configuration (top view)

1	V _s	V _E	16 15	1 : V _S 2 : V _{CC1} 3 : FAULT 4 : V _S
3	FAULT	DESAT	14	5 : CATHODE 6 : ANODE 7 : ANODE
5	V _s CATHODE	V_{CC2}	13	8 : CATHODE 9 : V _{EE} 10 : V _{CLAMP}
6	ANODE	V_{OUT}	11	11 : V _{OUT} 12 : V _{EE} 13 : V _{CC2}
8	ANODE CATHODE	V_{CLAMP}	9	14 : DESAT 15 : V _{LED} 16 : V _E

Internal Circuit



Note: A 1- μF bypass capacitor must be connected between pins 9 and 13, pins 13 and 16.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note) (Ta = 25°C ,Unless otherwise specified)

	Characteristics			Rating	Unit
LED	Input forward current	lF	25	mA	
	Input forward current derating (Ta ≥	95°C)	ΔΙϝ/ΔΤα	-1	mA/°C
	Peak transient input forward current	(Note 1)	I _{FPT}	1	Α
	Peak transient input forward current d	derating (Ta ≥ 95°C)	ΔΙϝρτ/ΔΤα	-25	mA/°C
	Reverse Input Voltage		V_R	6	V
	Input power dissipation		PD	145	mW
	Input power dissipation derating (Ta	ı ≥ 95°C)	Δ P _D /ΔTa	-5.0	mW/°C
Detector	Positive Input Supply Voltage		V _{CC1}	−0.5 to 7	V
	"H" peak output current	Ta = -40 to 110 °C	Іорн	-4.0	А
	"L" peak output current	(Note 2)	IOPL	+4.0	А
	FAULT Output Current		IFAULT	8	mA
	FAULT Pin Voltage		V _{FAULT}	−0.5 to V _{CC1}	V
	Total Output Supply Voltage		(V _{CC2} -V _{EE})	−0.5 to 35	V
	Negative Output Supply Voltage		(V _E -V _{EE})	-0.5 to 15	V
	Positive Output Supply Voltage		(V _{CC2} -V _E)	-0.5 to 35 - (V _E -V _{EE})	V
	Output voltage		Vo	−0.5 to V _{CC2}	V
	Peak Clamping Sinking Current		I _{Clamp}	1.7	А
	Miller Clamping Pin Voltage		V_{Clamp}	−0.5 to V _{CC2}	V
	DESAT Voltage		V_{DESAT}	V_E to $V_E + 10$	V
	Output power dissipation		Po	410	mW
	Output power dissipation (Ta ≥ 95°C	C)	Δ P _O /ΔTa	-14.0	mW/°C
Common	Operating temperature range	Topr	-40 to 110	°C	
	Storage temperature range	Tstg	−55 to 125	°C	
	Lead soldering temperature (10 s)	(Note 3)	Tsol	260	°C
	Isolation voltage (AC, 60 s, R.H. ≤ 60	%) (Note 4)	BVs	5000	Vrms

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note: A ceramic capacitor (1 μ F) should be connected between pins 9 and 13, pins 13 and 16 to stabilize the operation of the high gain linear amplifier. Furthermore, in case V_E - V_{EE} > 0 V, a bypass capacitor, which has good high frequency characteristic, a ceramic capacitor (1 μ F) should be connected between pins 9 and 16. Failure to provide the bypassing may impair the switching property. The total lead length between capacitor and coupler should not exceed 1 cm.

- Note 1: Pulse width $P_W \le 1 \mu s$, 300 pps
- Note 2: Exponential waveform pulse width $P_W \le 0.2~\mu s, f \le 15~kHz, V_{CC} = 15~V$
- Note 3: For the effective lead soldering area.
- Note 4: This device considered a two-terminal device: All pins on the LED side are shorted together, and all pin on the photodetector side are shorted together.



Recommended Operating Conditions (Note)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Total Output Supply Voltage (Note 5)	$(V_{CC2}-V_{EE})$	15	=	30	V
Negative Output Supply Voltage	(V _E -V _{EE})	0	=	15	V
Positive Output Supply Voltage	(V _{CC2} -V _E)	15	=	30 - (V _E -V _{EE})	V
Input On-State Current (Note 6)	I _{F(ON)}	7.5	=	12	mA
Input Off-State Voltage	$V_{F(OFF)}$	0	=	0.8	V
Operating frequency (Note 7)	f	-	-	50	kHz

Note: Recommended operating conditions are given as a design guideline to obtain expected performance of the device. Additionally, each item is an independent guideline respectively. In developing designs using this product, please confirm specified characteristics shown in this document.

Note 5: If the Vcc rise slope is sharp, an internal circuit might not operate with stability. Please design the Vcc rise slope under 3.0 V / μ s.

Note 6: Input signal rise time (fall time) \leq 0.5 μ s.

Note 7: Exponential waveform. $I_{OPH} \ge -4.0 \text{ A} (\le 90 \text{ ns}), I_{OPL} \le 4.0 \text{ A} (\le 90 \text{ ns}), Ta = 110^{\circ}\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics (Note) (Ta = -40 to 110 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.*	Max	Unit
Input Forward Voltage	V_{F}	1	I _F = 10 mA, Ta = 25°C	1.4	-	1.7	V
Input Reverse Current	I _R	_	V _R = 5 V	-	-	10	μА
Input Capacitance	Ct	_	V=0 V, f=1 MHz, Ta = 25°C	-	95	-	pF
FAULT Low Level Output Voltage	V=		IFAULT = 1.1 mA, V _{CC} 1=5.5 V	-	0.2	0.4	V
PAOL 1 Low Level Output voltage	VFAULTL		I _{FAULT} = 1.1 mA, V _{CC} 1=3.3 V	-	0.2	0.4]
FAULT High Level Output Current	leave-		V _{FAULT} = 5.5 V, V _{CC} 1 = 5.5 V, Ta = 25°C	-	-	0.5	
PAOLT High Level Output Current	IFAULTH	-	VFAULT = 5.5 V, V _{CC} 1 = 3.3 V, Ta = 25°C	-	-	0.3	μА
Lligh Loyal Output Current (Note 9)		1	V _O = V _{CC} 2 - 4 V	-	-4.0	-1.2	
High Level Output Current (Note 8)	I _{OPH}	1	V _O = V _{CC} 2 - 7 V	-	-6.5	-3.0	_
Louis and Output Current (Note 9)		2	$V_{\text{O}} = V_{\text{EE}} + 2.5 \text{ V}$	1.2	3.5	-	Α
Low Level Output Current (Note 8)	I _{OPL}	2	$V_0 = V_{EE} + 7 V$	3	5.5	-	
Low Level Output Current			V _O – V _{FF} = 14 V	00	450	000	^
During Fault Condition	I _{OLF}	-	V _O - V _{EE} = 14 V	90	150	230	mA
High Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	3	I _O = −100 mA	V _{CC} 2-0.3	V _{CC} 2-0.2	-	
Low Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}	4	I _O = 100 mA	-	0.1	0.2	٧
Clamp Pin Threshold Voltage	V_{tClamp}	_	_	-	3.0	-	
Clamp Low Level Sinking Current	I _{CL}	_	$V_{\text{O}} = V_{\text{EE}} + 2.5 \text{ V}$	0.56	1.8	-	Α
High Level Supply Current	I _{CC2H}	5	I _O = 0 mA	-	2.4	3.5	
Low Level Supply Current	I _{CC2L}	6	I _O = 0 mA	-	2.3	3.5	^
Blanking Capacitor Charging Current	I _{CHG}	7	V _{DESAT} = 2 V	-0.13	-0.24	-0.33	mA
Blanking Capacitor Discharge Current	I _{DSCHG}	8	V _{DESAT} = 7 V	10	49	-	
DESAT Threshold Voltage	V _{DESAT}	_	Vcc2-V _E >V _{UVLO-}	6	6.5	7.5	
LIVI O Throphold Voltage	V_{UVLO}^{+}	9	V ₀ >5 V	10.5	11.6	13.5	
UVLO Threshold Voltage	V _{UVLO} -	9	V ₀ <5 V	9.2	10.3	11.1	V
UVLO hysteresis	UVLO _{HYS}		_	-	1.3	-	

(*): All typical values are at Ta = 25°C Note 8: lo application time $\leq 50 \mu s$, 1 pulse



Electrical Characteristics (Note) (Ta = -40 to 110 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.*	Max	Unit
Threshold Input Current(L/H)	IFLH	10	Vcc = 30 V, Vo < 5 V	-	0.8	6	mA
Threshold Input Voltage (H/L)	VFHL		Vcc = 30 V, Vo > 5 V	0.8	=	-	V

^{(*):} All typical values are at Ta = 25°C

Note: This product is more sensitive than conventional products to electrostatic discharge (ESD) owing to its low power consumption design.

It is therefore all the more necessary to observe general precautions regarding ESD when handling this component.

Isolation Characteristics (Note) (Ta = 25 °C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Capacitance input to output	Cs	Vs = 0 V, f = 1 MHz	-	1.0	-	pF
Isolation resistance	Rs	R.H. ≤ 60 %, V _S = 500 V	1×10 ¹²	10 ¹⁴	-	Ω
		AC, 60 s	5000	-	-	\/ r.m. o
Isolation voltage	BVs	AC, 1 s, in oil	=	10000	-	Vrms
		DC, 60 s, in oil	-	10000	-	Vdc

Note: This device considered a two-terminal device: All pins on the LED side are shorted together, and all pin on the photodetector side are shorted together.

Switching Characteristics (Note) (Ta = -40 to 110 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Circuit	Test (Condition	Min	Тур.*	Max	Unit												
Propagation delay time	$L \to H$	tpLH			$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 10 \text{ mA}$	50	85	150													
(Note 9)	$H \rightarrow L$	tpHL) / 00 \ /	$IF = 10 \rightarrow 0 \text{ mA}$	50	90	150													
Output rise time (10-90 %) (Note 9)	tr		$V_{CC2} = 30 \text{ V}$ $R_g = 10 \Omega$	$IF = 0 \rightarrow 10 \text{ mA}$	-	32	-													
Output fall time (90-10 %)	(Note 9)	tf	11	C _g = 25 nF	$I_F = 10 \rightarrow 0 \text{ mA}$	-	18	-	ns												
Pulse with distortion	(Note 9)	tpHL-tpLH		Duty = 50%	I _F = 0 ↔ 10 mA	1	-	50													
Propagation delay skew (device to device)	(Note 9) (Note 10)	tpsk	-					$I_F = 0 \leftrightarrow 10 \text{ mA}$	-80	-	80										
DESAT Sense to 90% Del	ay	t _{DESAT(90%)}		C_{DESAT} = 100 pF, Rg = 10 Ω Cg = 25 nF, V_{CC2} = 30 V R_F = 2.1 k Ω		=	180	500													
DESAT Sense to 10% Del	ay	t _{DESAT(10%)}				=	3.5	5	μS												
DESAT Sense to Low Leve FAULT Signal Delay	el	t _{DESAT(FAULT)}	40	C _{DESAT} = 100 pl	_	-	300	500													
DESAT Sense to Low Prop Delay	oagation	t _{DESAT(LOW)}	12] 12	12	1/2	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	$Cg = 25 \text{ nF}, V_{CC2} = 30 \text{ V}$ $R_F = 2.1 \text{ k}\Omega$		-	200	-	ns
DESAT Input Mute		t _{DESAT(MUTE)}		C _F = Open		7	14	-													
RESET to High Level FAU Signal Delay	LT	treset(fault)			VCC1 = 5.5 V	0.2	0.45	2	μS												
Common Mode Transient lat High Level Output	Immunity	СМн	13 to		I _F = 10 mA V _{O (min)} = 26 V	±35	-	-	k\//a												
Common Mode Transient lat Low Level Output	Immunity	CML	16		I _F = 0 mA V _{O (max)} = 1 V	±35	-		kV/μs												

^{(*):} All typical values are at Ta = 25 °C.

Note 9: Input signal (f = 10 kHz, duty = 50%, tr = tf = 5 ns or less)

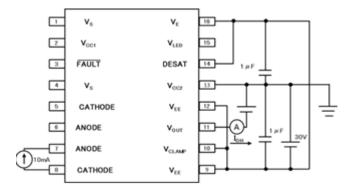
CL is approximately 15 pF which includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

Note 10: The propagation delay skew, tpsk, is equal to the magnitude of the worst-case difference in tpHL and/or tpLH that will be seen between units at the same given conditions (supply voltage, input current, temperature, etc).

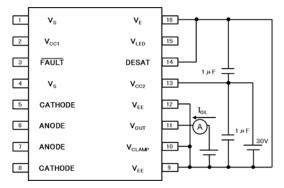
5 2015-12-26

Test Circuit

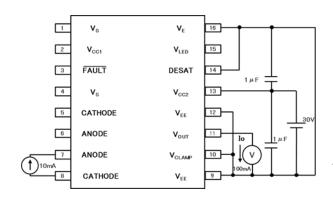
Test Circuit 1: IOPH



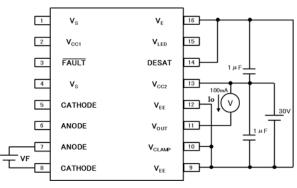
Test Circuit 2: IOPL



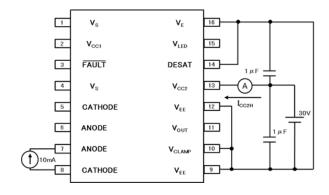
Test Circuit 3: Voh



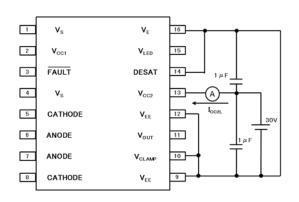
Test Circuit 4: Vol



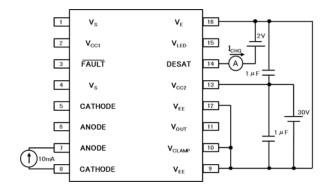
Test Circuit 5: ICC2H



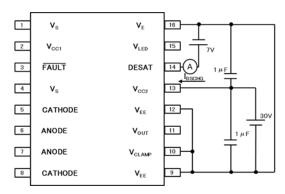
Test Circuit 6: ICC2L



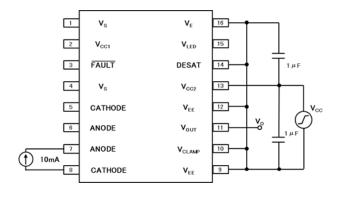
Test Circuit 7: ICHG



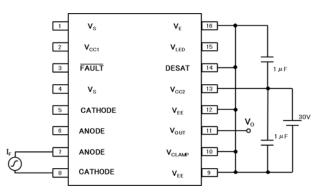
Test Circuit 8: IDSCHG



Test Circuit 9: VUVLO

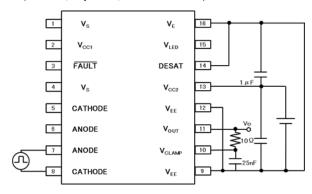


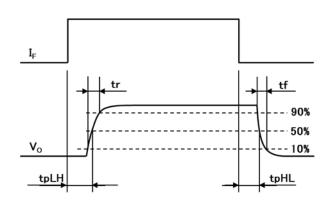
Test Circuit 10: IFLH



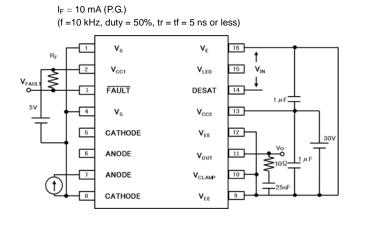
Test Circuit 11: tpLH, tpHL, tr, tf, | tpHL-tpLH |

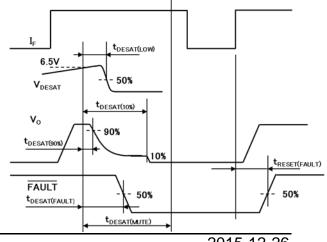






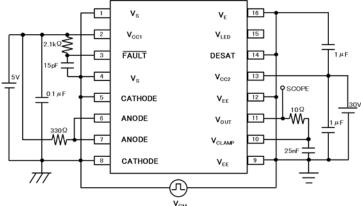
Test Circuit 12: tdesat(90%), tdesat(10%), tdesat(fault), tdesat(Low), tdesat(Mute), treset(fault)



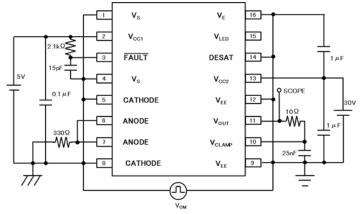


2015-12-26

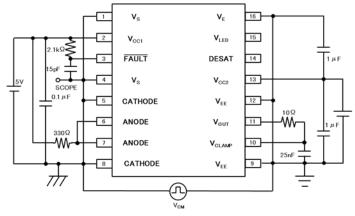
Test Circuit 13: CMR LED1 ON



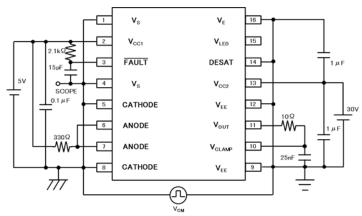
Test Circuit 14: CMR_LED1 OFF



Test Circuit 15: CMR_LED2 ON

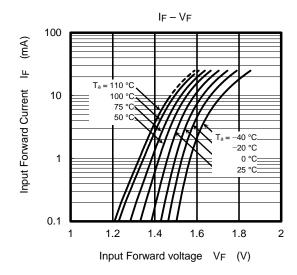


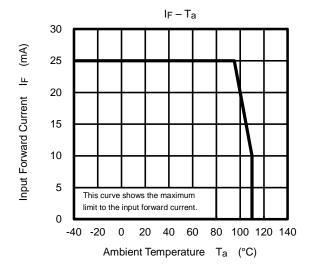
Test Circuit 16: CMR_LED2 OFF

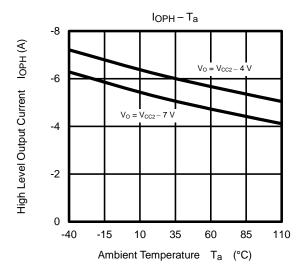


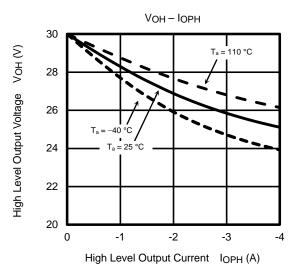
 CML (CMH) is the maximum rate of rise (fall) of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the LOW (HIGH) state.

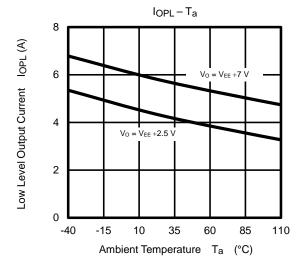
Characteristics Curve

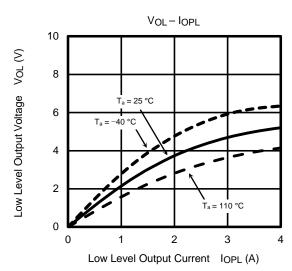


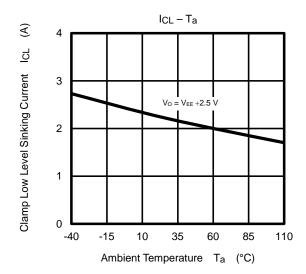


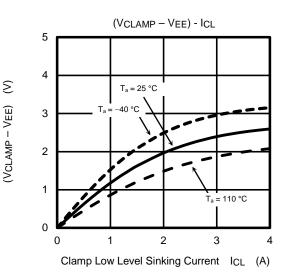


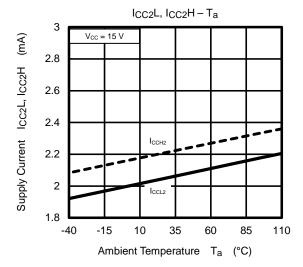


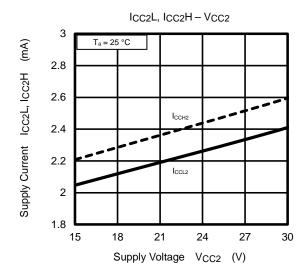


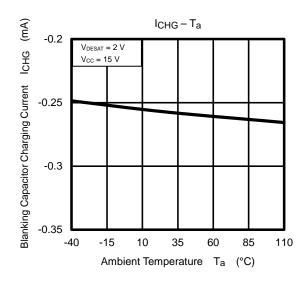


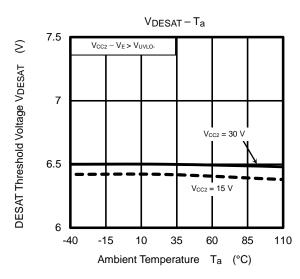


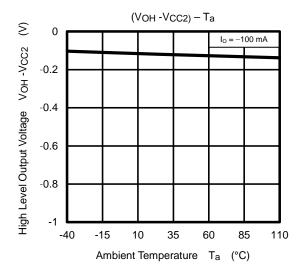


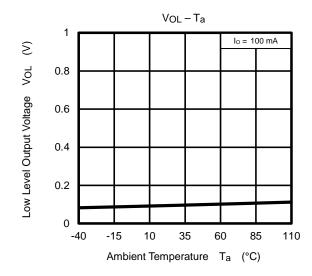


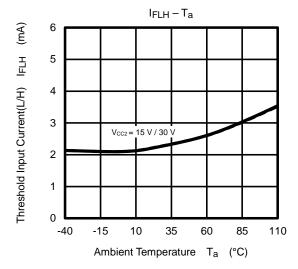


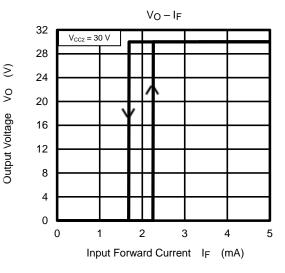


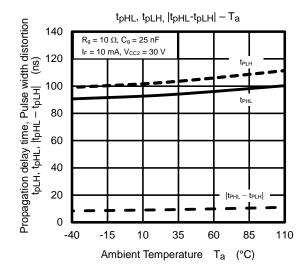


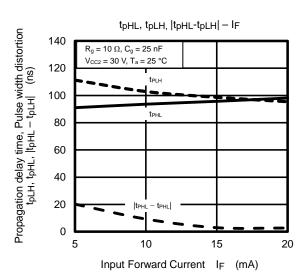


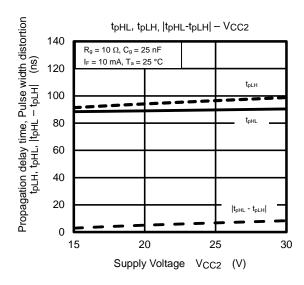


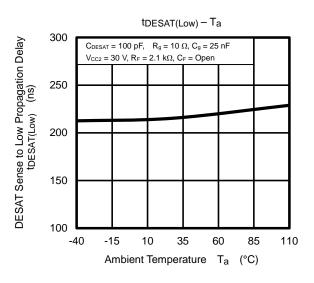


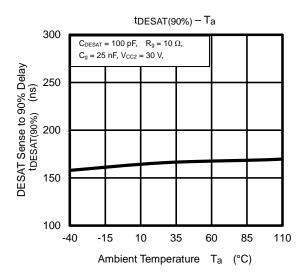


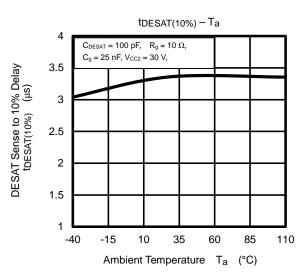


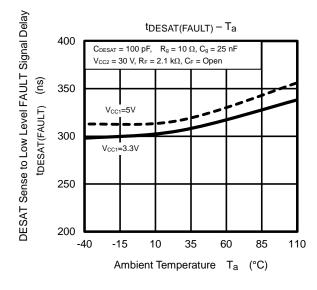


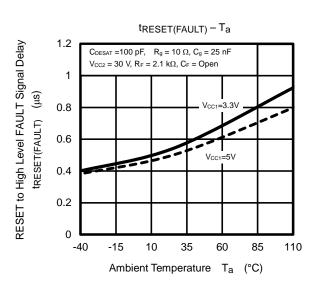












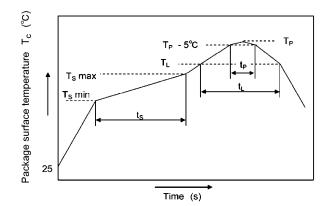
PRECAUTIONS OF SURFACE MOUNTING TYPE PHOTOCOUPLER SOLDERING & GENERAL STORAGE

(1) Precautions for Soldering

The soldering temperature should be controlled as closely as possible to the conditions shown below, irrespective of whether a soldering iron or a reflow soldering method is used.

1) When Using Soldering Reflow

An example of a temperature profile when lead(Pb)-free solder is use



	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Preheat temperature	Ts	150	200	°C
Preheat time	ts	60	120	S
Ramp-up rate (T _L to T _P)			3	°C/s
Liquidus temperature	T∟	217		°C
Time above T _L	tL	60	150	S
Peak temperature	T _P		260	ŷ
Time during which T_c is between ($T_P - 5$) and T_P	t _P		30	s
Ramp-down rate $(T_P \text{ to } T_L)$			6	°C/s

An Example of a Temperature Profile When Lead(Pb)-Free Solder Is Used

- Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.
- The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.

2) When using soldering Flow

- Apply preheating of 150 °C for 60 to 120 seconds.
- Mounting condition of 260 °C or less within 10 seconds is recommended.
- Flow soldering must be performed once

3) When using soldering Iron

- Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding 260 °C or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350 °C.
 - Heating by soldering iron must be only once per 1 lead



(2) Precautions for General Storage

- 1) Do not store devices at any place where they will be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- 2) When transportation or storage of devices, follow the cautions indicated on the carton box.
- 3) The storage area temperature should be kept within a temperature range of 5 degree C to 35 degree C, and relative humidity should be maintained at between 45% and 75%.
- 4) Do not store devices in the presence of harmful (especially corrosive)gases, or in dusty conditions.
- 5) Use storage areas where there is minimal temperature fluctuation. Because rapid temperature changes can cause condensation to occur on stored devices, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, as a result, the solderability of the leads will be degraded.
- 6) When repacking devices, use anti-static containers.
- 7) Do not apply any external force or load directly to devices while they are in storage.
- 8) If devices have been stored for more than two years, even though the above conditions have been followed, it is recommended that solderability of them should be tested before they are used.

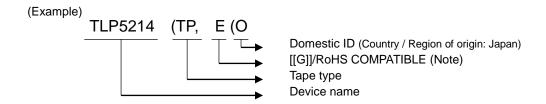
Specifications for Embossed-Tape Packing (TP) for SO16L Coupler

1. Applicable Package

Package	Product Type
SO16L	Long creepage Coupler

2. Product Naming System

Type of package used for shipment is denoted by a symbol suffix after a product number. The method of classification is as below.



Note : Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of Product.

The RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.

3. Tape Dimensions

3.1 Orientation of Device in Relation to Direction of Tape Movement

Device orientation in the recesses is as shown in Figure 1.

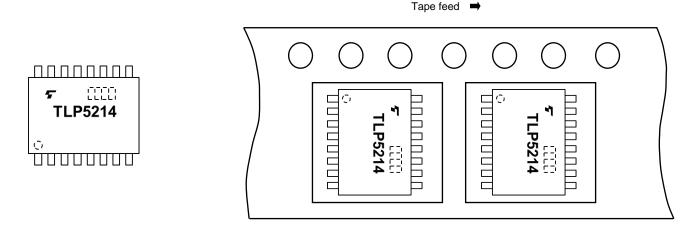


Figure 1 Device Orientation

3.2 Packing Quantity: 1500 per reel

3.3 Empty Device Recesses Are as Shown in Table 1.

Table1	Empty	Device	Recesses
iabiei		Device	Recesses

	Standard	Remarks
Occurrences of 2 or more successive empty device recesses	0 device	Within any given 40-mm section of tape, not including leader and trailer
Single empty device recesses	6 device (max) per reel	Not including leader and trailer

3.4 Start and End of Tape

The start of the tape has 14 or more empty holes. The end of the tape has 34 or more empty holes and more than 30mm only for a cover tape.

3.5 Tape Specification

- (1) Material: Plastic (for protection against static electricity)
- (2) Dimensions: The tape dimensions are shown in Figure 2 and Table 2.

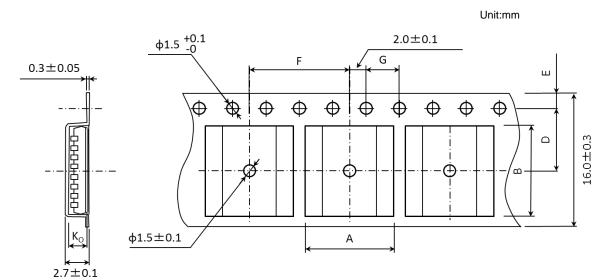


Figure 2 Tape Forms

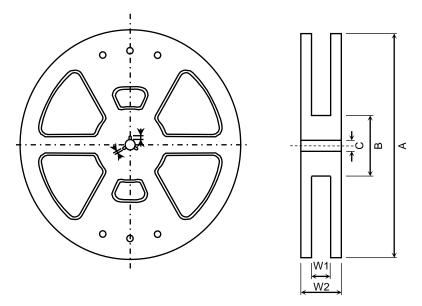
Table 2 Tape Dimensions

Unit: mm Unless otherwise specified: ±0.1

Symbol	Dimension	Remark
А	10.4	_
В	10.7	_
D	7.5	Center line of indented square hole and sprocket hole
E	1.75	Distance between tape edge and hole center
F	12.0	Cumulative error +0.1 (max) per 10 feed holes -0.3
G	4.0	Cumulative error +0.1 (max) per 10 feed holes
K ₀	2.4	Internal space

3.6 Reel

- (1) Material: Plastic
- (2) Dimensions: The reel dimensions are as shown in Figure 3 and Table 3.



Unit: mm Symbol Dimension Α Φ 330 ± 2 В Φ100 ± 1 С Φ 13 ± 0.5 Ε 2.0 ± 0.5 U 4.0 ± 0.5 17.4 ± 1.0 W1 W2 21.4 ± 1.0

Table 3 Reel Dimension

Figure 3 Reel Forms

4. Packing

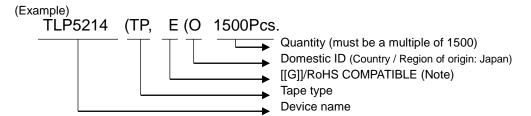
Either one reel or ten reels of photocoupler are packed in a shipping carton.

5. Label Indication

The carton bears a label indicating the product number, the symbol representing classification of standard, the quantity, the lot number and Toshiba company name.

6. Ordering Method

When placing an order, please specify the product number, the CTR rank, the tape and the quantity as shown in the following example.



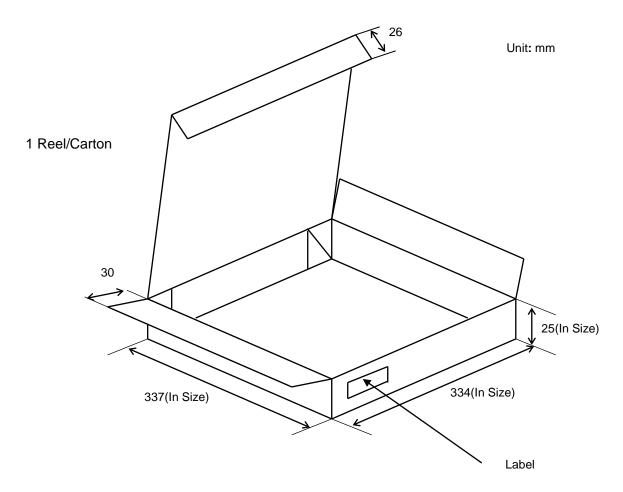
Note : Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS compatibility of Product.

17

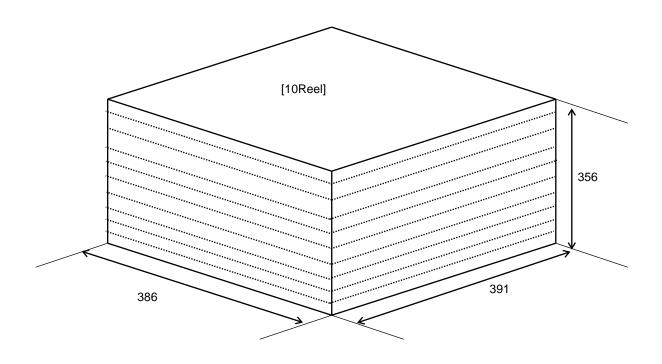
The RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.



7. Packing Dimensions (ϕ 330 mm)

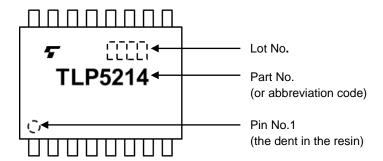


10Reel/Carton



18 2015-12-26

8. Marking



19 2015-12-26

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

- Toshiba Corporation, and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively "TOSHIBA"), reserve the right to make changes to the information in this document, and related hardware, software and systems (collectively "Product") without notice.
- This document and any information herein may not be reproduced without prior written permission from TOSHIBA. Even with TOSHIBA's written permission, reproduction is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration/omission.
- Though TOSHIBA works continually to improve Product's quality and reliability, Product can malfunction or fail. Customers are responsible for complying with safety standards and for providing adequate designs and safeguards for their hardware, software and systems which minimize risk and avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of Product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property, including data loss or corruption. Before customers use the Product, create designs including the Product, or incorporate the Product into their own applications, customers must also refer to and comply with (a) the latest versions of all relevant TOSHIBA information, including without limitation, this document, the specifications, the data sheets and application notes for Product and the precautions and conditions set forth in the "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" and (b) the instructions for the application with which the Product will be used with or for. Customers are solely responsible for all aspects of their own product design or applications, including but not limited to (a) determining the appropriateness of the use of this Product in such design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the applicability of any information contained in this document, or in charts, diagrams, programs, algorithms, sample application circuits, or any other referenced documents; and (c) validating all operating parameters for such designs and applications. TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR CUSTOMERS' PRODUCT DESIGN OR APPLICATIONS.
- PRODUCT IS NEITHER INTENDED NOR WARRANTED FOR USE IN EQUIPMENTS OR SYSTEMS THAT REQUIRE
 EXTRAORDINARILY HIGH LEVELS OF QUALITY AND/OR RELIABILITY, AND/OR A MALFUNCTION OR FAILURE OF WHICH
 MAY CAUSE LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE, BODILY INJURY, SERIOUS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND/OR SERIOUS PUBLIC IMPACT
 ("UNINTENDED USE"). Except for specific applications as expressly stated in this document, Unintended Use includes, without
 limitation, equipment used in nuclear facilities, equipment used in the aerospace industry, medical equipment, equipment used for
 automobiles, trains, ships and other transportation, traffic signaling equipment, equipment used to control combustions or explosions,
 safety devices, elevators and escalators, devices related to electric power, and equipment used in finance-related fields. IF YOU USE
 PRODUCT FOR UNINTENDED USE, TOSHIBA ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR PRODUCT. For details, please contact your
 TOSHIBA sales representative.
- Do not disassemble, analyze, reverse-engineer, alter, modify, translate or copy Product, whether in whole or in part.
- Product shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any
 applicable laws or regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as guidance for Product use. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of third parties that may result from the use of Product. No license to any intellectual property right is granted by this document, whether express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise.
- ABSENT A WRITTEN SIGNED AGREEMENT, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THE RELEVANT TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE
 FOR PRODUCT, AND TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT ALLOWABLE BY LAW, TOSHIBA (1) ASSUMES NO LIABILITY
 WHATSOEVER, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OR
 LOSS, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF OPPORTUNITIES, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION AND
 LOSS OF DATA, AND (2) DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES AND CONDITIONS RELATED TO
 SALE, USE OF PRODUCT, OR INFORMATION, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS
 FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ACCURACY OF INFORMATION, OR NONINFRINGEMENT.
- GaAs (Gallium Arsenide) is used in Product. GaAs is harmful to humans if consumed or absorbed, whether in the form of dust or vapor. Handle with care and do not break, cut, crush, grind, dissolve chemically or otherwise expose GaAs in Product.
- Do not use or otherwise make available Product or related software or technology for any military purposes, including without
 limitation, for the design, development, use, stockpiling or manufacturing of nuclear, chemical, or biological weapons or missile
 technology products (mass destruction weapons). Product and related software and technology may be controlled under the
 applicable export laws and regulations including, without limitation, the Japanese Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law and the
 U.S. Export Administration Regulations. Export and re-export of Product or related software or technology are strictly prohibited
 except in compliance with all applicable export laws and regulations.
- Please contact your TOSHIBA sales representative for details as to environmental matters such as the RoHS
 compatibility of Product. Please use Product in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate
 the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. TOSHIBA
 ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES OCCURRING AS A RESULT OF NONCOMPLIANCE
 WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Toshiba:

TLP5214(TP,E